

Tips and Tricks

Before depositing the materials in your bin, remember to reduce and reuse.

Lightly rinse containers and plastic bags that contained food with dishwashing water.

Don't place anything sharp in your recycling bin (for example: circular saw blade, chainsaw, broken glass, etc.) It could injure someone.

Do not collect papers and cardboards contaminated with oil, grease or food.

Separate the various types of packaging from the same product (for example: the plastic bag of a cereal box).

It is not necessary to remove the labels from the containers.

Flatten cardboard boxes, including juice and milk containers, to maximize space.



What does recycled material become?

PAPER

- Printing and writing paper
- Toilet paper, tissue, and paper towel
- Envelopes, napkins

NEWSPAPER

- New newspaper
- Tissue, cereal and egg boxes
- Insulation home panels

CARDBOARD

- Boxing box, craft paper
- Construction material

PLASTIC

- New bottles

METAL

- Cans

Recyclable Materials

Containers and packaging, printed material



What can you put in the recycling bin?

Containers and packaging, printed material

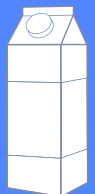
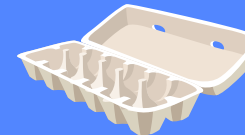
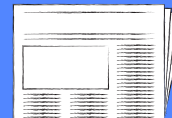
COLLECT

MORE AND BETTER

PAPER AND CARDBOARD

- Newspapers, flyers, magazines
- Sheets, envelopes, paper bags
- Books, telephone directories
- Cardboard rolls
- Cardboard boxes

- Boxes of eggs
- Cartons of milk and gut juice
- aseptic containers (ex: Tetra Pak)



PLASTIC

- Bottles, containers and packaging of food products, cosmetics, personal hygiene products and household maintenance identified by these symbols:



- Caps and lids
- Bags and wrapping film



STEEL

- Paper and aluminum containers
- Bottles and cans
- Cans
- Caps and lids

